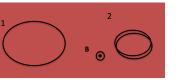
Loop 1 sits in a uniform field B which is increasing in magnitude. Loop 2 has the SAME LENGTH OF WIRE looped (coiled) to make two (smaller) loops. How do the

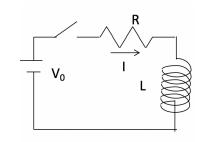


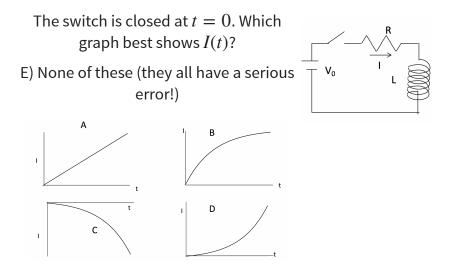
induced EMFs compare?

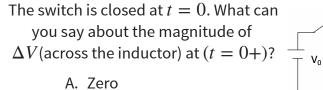
- A. EMF(1)=4 EMF(2)
- B. EMF(1) = 2 EMF(2)
- C. They are both the same.
- D. EMF(2) = 4 EMF(1)
- E. EMF(2) = 2 EMF(1)

The switch is closed at t = 0. What can you say about I(t = 0+)?

- A. Zero
- B. *V*₀/*R*
- C. V_0/L
- D. Something else!
- E. ???







- B. *V*₀
- C. *L*
- D. Something else!
- E. ???

The complex exponential: $e^{i\omega t}$ is useful in calculating
properties of many time-dependent equations. According to
Euler, we can also write this function as:
A. $\cos(i\omega t) + \sin(i\omega t)$

- B. $\sin(\omega t) + i\cos(\omega t)$
- C. $\cos(\omega t) + i \sin(\omega t)$
- D. MORE than one of these is correct
- E. None of these is correct!

What is |2 + i|? A. 1 B. $\sqrt{3}$ C. 5 D. $\sqrt{5}$ E. Something else!