

Two small spheres (mass, *m*) are attached to insulating strings (length, *L*) and hung from the ceiling as shown.

How does the angle (with respect of the vertical) that the string attached to the -q charge (θ_1) compare to that of the -2q charge (θ_2)?

A.
$$\theta_1 > \theta_2$$

B. $\theta_1 = \theta_2$
C. $\theta_1 > \theta_2$
D. ????

MORE SHAMING

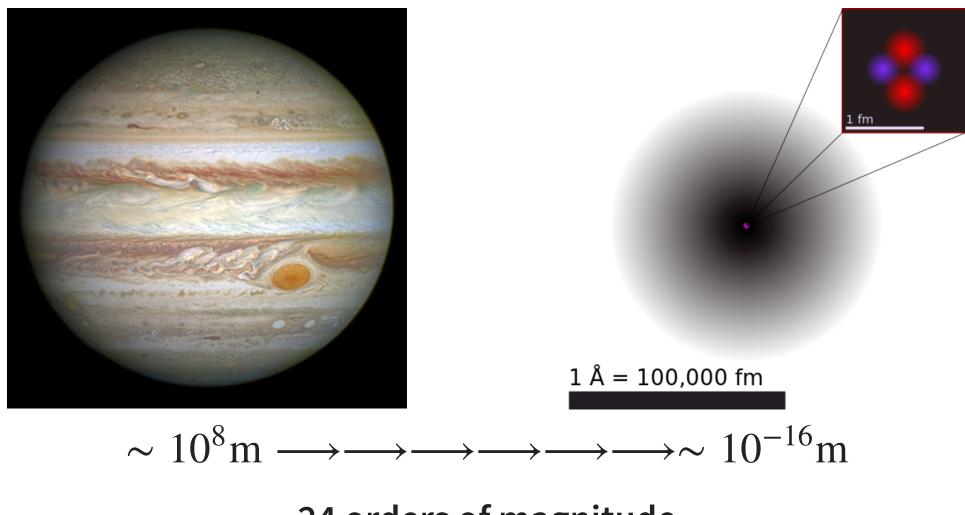
REGISTER YOUR CLICKER

- Allen, Grant
- Bertus, Thomas
- Byrd, Benjamin
- Dara, Jacob
- Ding, Fang
- Evasic, Jacob
- Fowler, David

REGISTER YOUR CLICKER

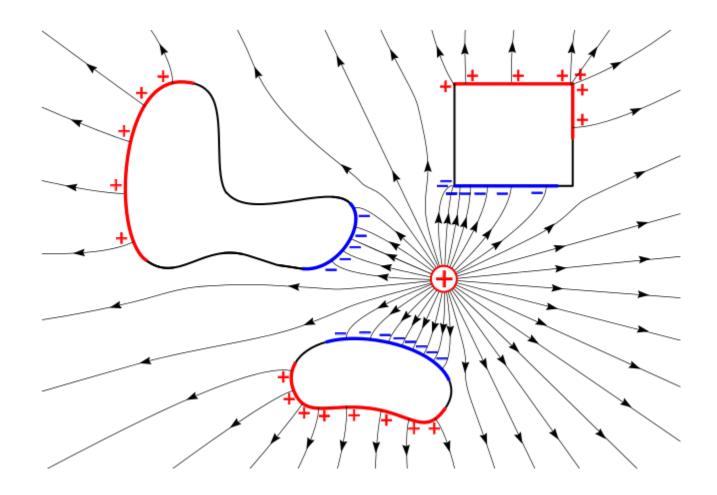
- Hindenach, John
- Lewis, Jim
- Li, Zihan
- Myers, Cody
- Wallace, Ian
- Ward, Jenny
- Wicklund, Courtney
- Xu, Fu

CLASSICAL ELECTROMAGNETISM

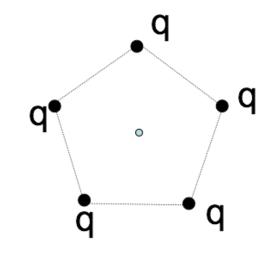


24 orders of magnitude

ELECTROSTATICS

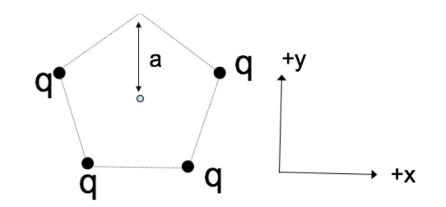


5 charges, q, are arranged in a regular pentagon, as shown. What is the E field at the center?



- A. Zero
- B. Non-zero
- C. Really need trig and a calculator to decide

1 of the 5 charges has been removed, as shown. What's the E field at the center?



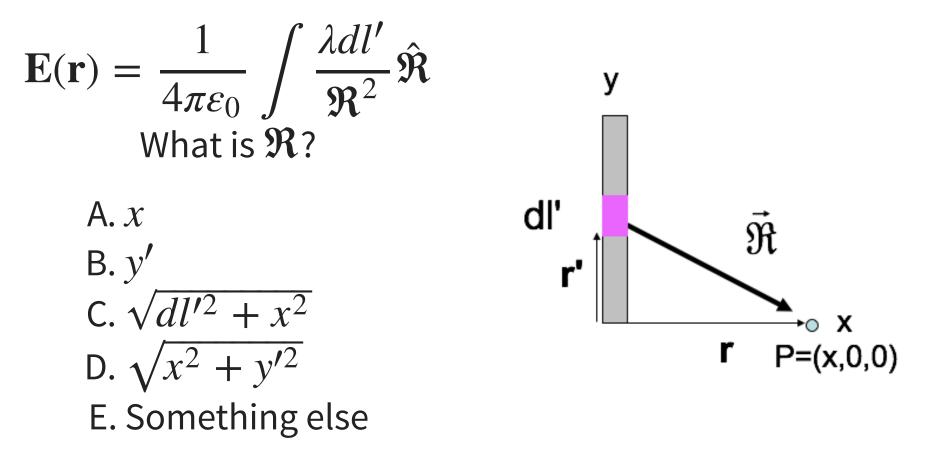
- A. $+(kq/a^2)\hat{y}$ B. $-(kq/a^2)\hat{y}$
- C. 0
- D. Something entirely different!
- E. This is a nasty problem which I need more time to solve

If all the charges live on a line (1-D), use:

$$\lambda \equiv \frac{\text{charge}}{\text{length}}$$

Draw your own picture. What's $\mathbf{E}(\mathbf{r})$?

To find the E-field at P from a thin line (uniform charge density λ):



$$\mathbf{E}(\mathbf{r}) = \int \frac{\lambda dl'}{4\pi\varepsilon_0 \Re^3} \vec{\Re}, \text{ so: } E_x(x, 0, 0) = \frac{\lambda}{4\pi\varepsilon_0} \int \dots$$

$$A. \int \frac{dy'x}{x^3}$$

$$B. \int \frac{dy'x}{(x^2 + y'^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$C. \int \frac{dy'y'}{x^3}$$

$$D. \int \frac{dy'y'}{(x^2 + y'^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$E. \text{ Something else}$$

What do you expect to happen to the field as you get really far from the rod?

$$E_x = \frac{\lambda}{4\pi\varepsilon_0} \frac{L}{x\sqrt{x^2 + L^2}}$$

A. E_x goes to 0.

B. E_x begins to look like a point charge.

C. E_x goes to ∞ .

D. More than one of these is true.

E. I can't tell what should happen to E_{χ} .